

Revision nr.3 EN Dated 29/02/2024 Printed on 29/02/2024 Page n. 1 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 21/12/2022)

GRASSELLO DI CALCE

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: Product name Chemical name and synonym EC number CAS number Registration Number 1704010044 GRASSELLO DI CALCE Calcium hydroxide - Ca (OH) 2 215-137-3 1305-62-0 01-2119475151-45-0267

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

Lime off in water CL 80 S-PL, maturing 4 months.

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
PLASTER	-	SU: 19.	SU: 19.
BUILDING	-	SU: 19.	SU: 19.
DO-IT-YOURSELF	-	-	SU: 19.
BINDER FOR CEMENT MIXTURES	SU: 19.	SU: 19.	SU: 19.
	AC: 4.	AC: 4.	AC: 4.
	PC: 9b.	PC: 9b.	

Product for application on buildings and for making decorative paints and finishes. Product for craft and private use. Any other use is not recommended.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Full address	FORNACI Via Fosca	CALCE GRIGOLIN S.p. A. rini, 2	
District and Country	31040	Nervesa della Battaglia Italy	(TV)
	Tel.	+39 0422 5261	
	Fax	+39 0422 526299	
e-mail address of the competent person			
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	info@forn	acigrigolin.it	
1.4. Emergency telephone number			

For urgent inquiries refer to

HEALTH EMERGENCY - 112

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

Signal words:	Danger
Hazard statements:	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P280	Wear protective gloves / face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor /
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Contains:	HYDRATED LIME
Nr. EC:	215-137-3

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\ge 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients				
3.1. Substanc	es			
Contains:				
Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	
HYDRATED L	IME			
INDEX		$30 \le x \le 50$	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335	
EC	215-137-3			
CAS	1305-62-0			
REACH Reg.	01-2119475151-45-	-0267		
The full wordin	ig of hazard (H) phras	ses is given in sectio	on 16 of the sheet.	

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

Revision nr.3 E Dated 29/02/2024 Printed on 29/02/2024 Page n. 3 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 21/12/2022)

SECTION 4. First aid measures

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Calcium hydroxide does not cause acute toxicity if ingested, inhaled or if it comes into contact with the skin. It is classified as a skin and respiratory irritant and can cause serious eye damage. There is no fear of systemic adverse effects because the main health hazard is local effects (effect on pH).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na
		radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983;
		Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC;
		Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2022

				HYDRA	ATED LIME			
Threshold Limit \	Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
VLEP	FRA	5						
GVI/KGVI	HRV	5						
WEL	GBR	5						
OEL	EU	5						
TLV-ACGIH		5						
Predicted no-effe	ct concentra	ation - PNE	C					
Normal value ir	n fresh water						0,49	mg/l
Normal value in marine water					0,32	mg/l		
Normal value for	or water, inte	rmittent relea	ase				0,49	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms						3	mg/l	
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment						1080	mg/kg/d	
Health - Derived I	no-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL					
	Effe	cts on consu	umers			Effects on work	kers	
Route of expos	sure Acu	te local Acu	ute	Chronic loca	I Chronic s	ysten Aic ute local	Acute	Chronic localChronic
		sys	temic				systemic	systemic

4

mg/m3

1

mg/m3

Legend:

Inhalation

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

1

mg/m3

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

4

mg/m3

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

Revision nr.3 E Dated 29/02/2024 Printed on 29/02/2024 Page n. 5 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 21/12/2022)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance	Value paste
Colour	white
Odour	odourless
Melting point / freezing point	not available
Initial boiling point	not available
Flammability	not available
Lower explosive limit	not available
Upper explosive limit	not available
Flash point	not available
Auto-ignition temperature	not available
Decomposition temperature	not available
рН	12
Kinematic viscosity	not available
Solubility	not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available
Vapour pressure	not available
Density and/or relative density	1,33
Relative vapour density	not available
Particle characteristics	not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

HYDRATED LIME

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

Ca (OH) 2 dissociates in water (if below the solubility threshold), forming calcium cations and hydroxyl anions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Information



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

HYDRATED I IME

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

HYDRATED LIME

Develops hydrogen on contact with: aluminium,brass,moisture.

Reacts with: carbon dioxide.

Calcium hydroxide reacts exothermically with acids, forming calcium salts.

If the temperature exceeds 580 ° C, the hydroxide decomposes, producing CaO and H2O, which can react with each other and release heat: Ca(OH)2 = CaO + H2O

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

HYDRATED LIME

Decomposes if exposed to: moisture,moist air. **10.5. Incompatible materials**

HYDRATED LIME

Avoid contact with: acids.

Calcium hydroxide reacts exothermically in contact with acids, forming calcium salts. In the presence of moisture, calcium hydroxide reacts in contact with aluminum and brass, thus forming hydrogen: $Ca(OH)^2 + 2 AI + 6 H^2O = Ca(AI(OH)^2)^2 + 3 H^2$

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

HYDRATED LIME

Develops hydrogen on contact with: aluminium,brass,moisture. Calcium hydroxide absorbs moisture and carbon dioxide from the air, forming calcium carbonate, a widespread substance in nature: Ca(OH)2 + CO2 = CaCO3 + H2O

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

> HYDRATED LIME LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component)

> 2500 mg/kg > 2000 mg/kg



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

Revision nr.3 EN Dated 29/02/2024 Printed on 29/02/2024 Page n. 7 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 21/12/2022)

SECTION 11. Toxicological information/>

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

HYDRATED LIME LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Crustacea Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

> 160 mg/l/96h > 49,1 mg/l/48h > 184,57 mg/l/72h 32 mg/l 48 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

HYDRATED LIME Solubility in water Degradability: information not available

1844,9 mg/l

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

@EPY 11.5.0 - SDS 1004.14



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

SECTION 12. Ecological information/>

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

14.4. Packing group

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Product Point 3 Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%. Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None Healthcare controls Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected. REACH restriction 3 is not applicable to the relevant identified uses of the product. 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Has not been performed / is not yet available a chemical safety assessment for the substance.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Use descriptor system:

	supro: eyetetti	
AC	4	Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles
PC	9b	Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay
SU	19	Building and construction work

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number

- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)

- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)

- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

SECTION 16. Other information

- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION



GRASSELLO DI CALCE

Revision nr.3 E Dated 29/02/2024 Printed on 29/02/2024 Page n. 11 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 21/12/2022)

SECTION 16. Other information

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15.